

Long journey of Ruby standard library.

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2024/05/15 RubyKaigi 2024



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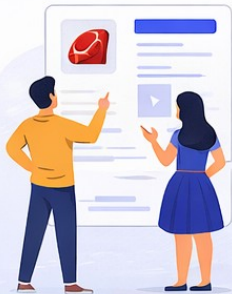
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Hiroshi SHIBATA

@hsbt

Ruby core team

RubyGems/Bundler te

Technical fellow at ANDPAD

<https://hsbt.org>





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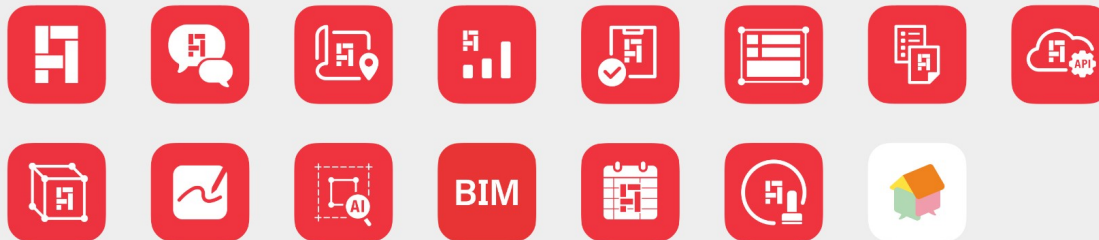
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- 受発注

Ruby を間接的に使っているプロダクト

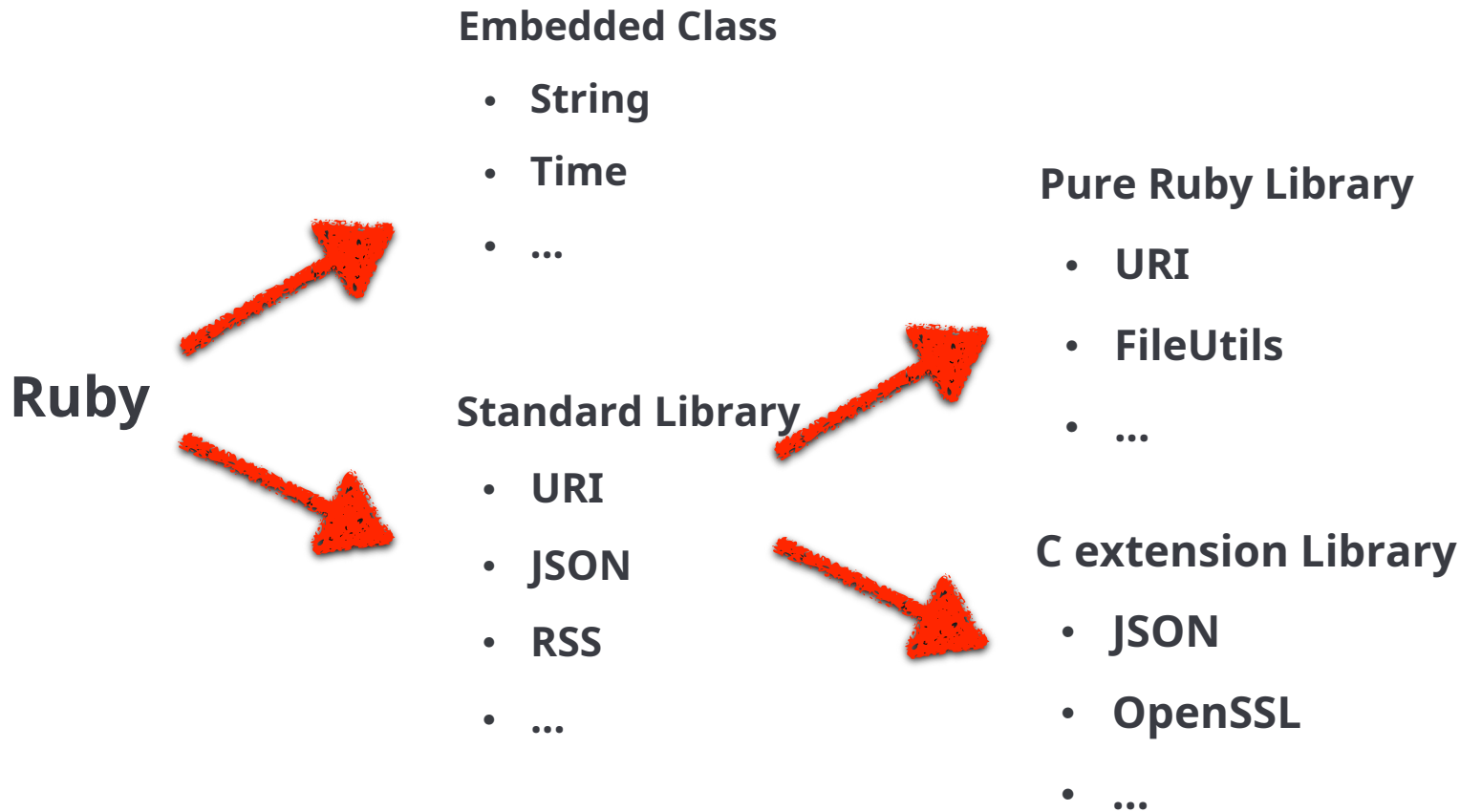
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History of standard libraries

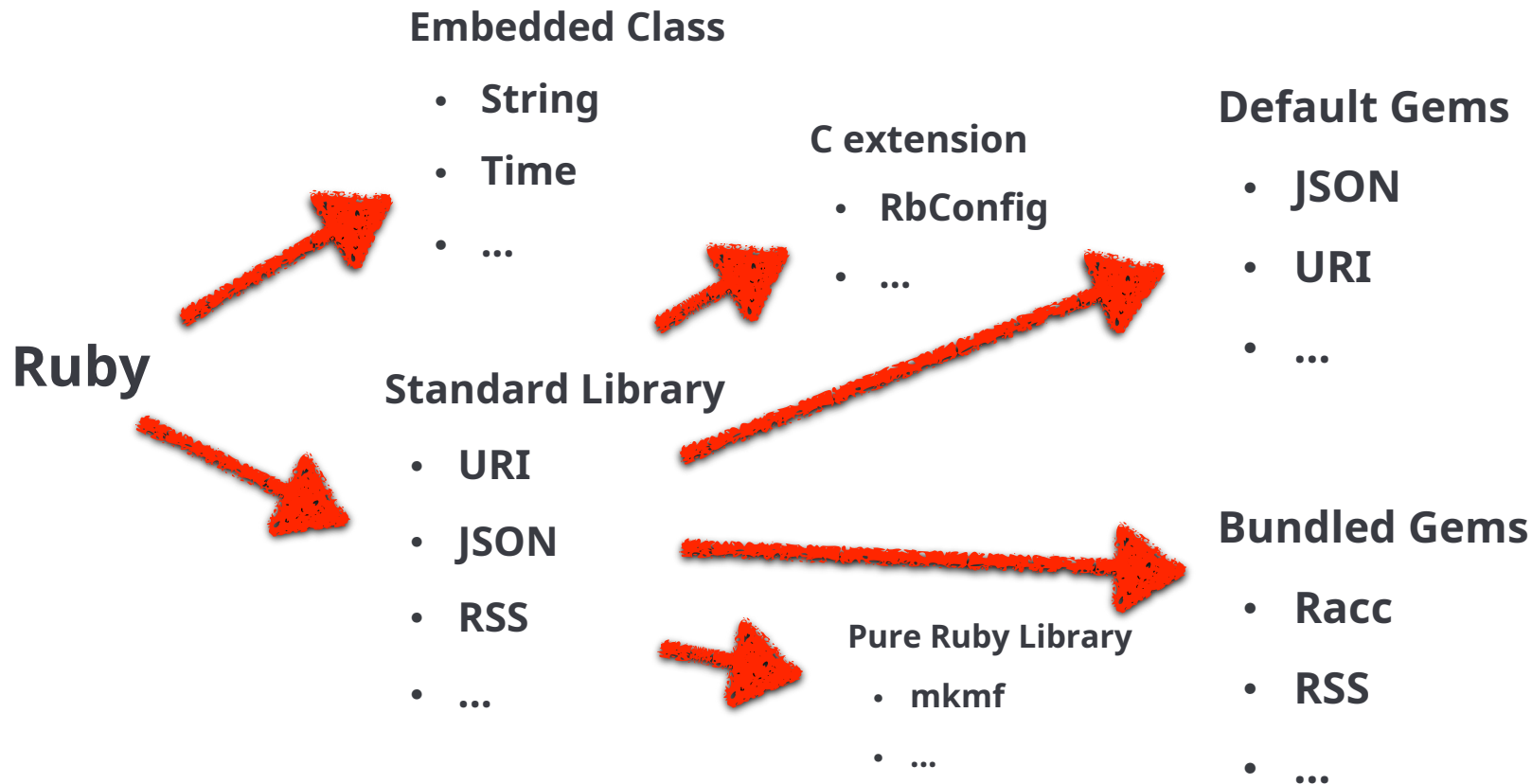
How load Ruby code from outside of Ruby core?



- 2003: Launch raa.ruby-lang.org and rubyforge.org
- 2004: RubyGems is released
- 2007: Ruby 1.9.0 is released with RubyGems 1.3
- 2009: Closed gems.github.com
- 2009: Transition gemcutter.org and gems.rubyforge.org to rubygems.org
- 2012-13: gemcutter utility has been merged into rubygems
- 2013: Closed raa.ruby-lang.org
- 2014: Closed rubyforge.org
- 2014-: rubygems.org is canonical library repository for the Ruby language

We bundled a lot of library at Ruby 1.8 because we don't have rubygems.org yet.

	Ruby 1.6	Ruby 1.8	Ruby 2.7	Ruby 3.3
Pure Ruby	63	104	65	56
C extensions	15	26	34	29



What are default and bundled gems?

- The Ruby core team released "Default gems" to the rubygem community.
 - You can install standard libraries of Ruby via RubyGems.
 - Default gems are openssl, psych, json, etc... You can see default gems at <https://stdgems.org/>
- Rubygems have a detection method for default gems.

```
>> require 'rss'
=> true
>> Gem.loaded_specs["rss"].default_gem?
=> false
>> require 'openssl'
=> true
>> Gem.loaded_specs["openssl"].default_gem?
=> true
```

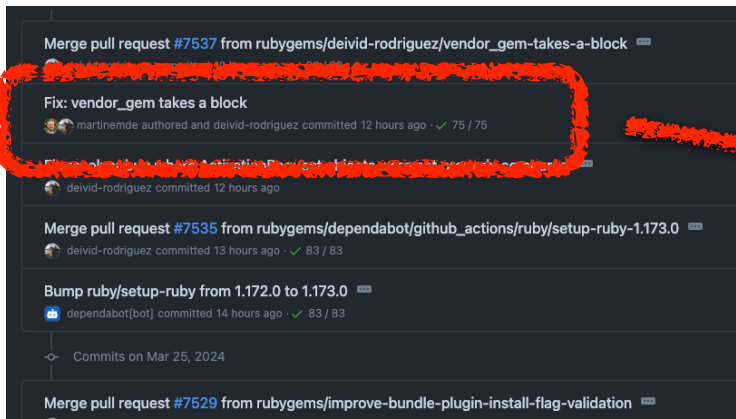

Default gems repository is located under the <https://github.com/ruby>

ruby/* repositories can develop **bundler** and **rake** same as your application.

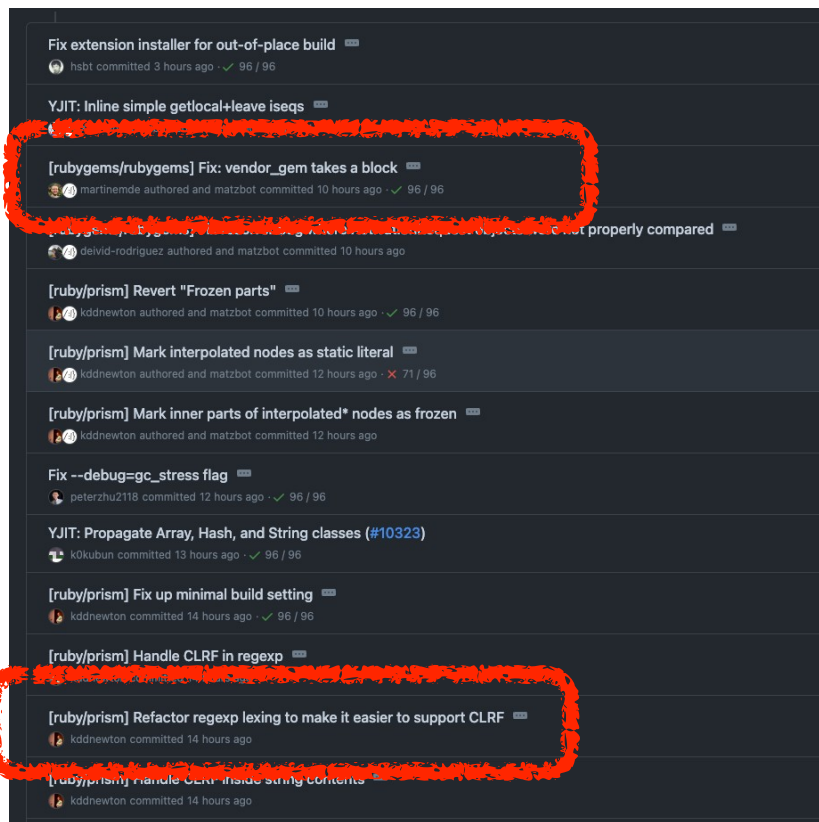
```
$ bundle install  
$ rake test
```



rubygems/rubygems



ruby/ruby



ruby/prism



- We bundled *.gem and unpacked files to tarball package for Bundled gems with `gems/bundled_gems` in ruby/ruby repository like this:
- `make install` installed Bundled gem your box.

```
ruby / gems / bundled_gems

hsbt and sorah Update net-* gems for Ruby 3.3 (#9418)

Code Blame 23 lines (23 loc) · 1.16 KB

1 # gem-name version repository-url [revision]
2 #
3 # - gem-name: gem name to bundle
4 # - version: released version to bundle
5 # - repository-url: URL from where clone for test
6 # - revision: revision in repository-url to test
7 # if `revision` is not given, "v"+`version` or `version` will be used.
8 minitest      5.20.0  https://github.com/minitest/minitest
9 power_assert  2.0.3   https://github.com/ruby/power_assert
10 rake          13.1.0  https://github.com/ruby/rake
11 test-unit     3.6.1   https://github.com/test-unit/test-unit
12 rexml         3.2.6   https://github.com/ruby/rexml
13 rss           0.3.0   https://github.com/ruby/rss
14 net-ftp        0.3.4   https://github.com/ruby/net-ftp
15 net-imap      0.4.9.1 https://github.com/ruby/net-imap
16 net-pop       0.1.2   https://github.com/ruby/net-pop
17 net-smtp      0.4.0.1 https://github.com/ruby/net-smtp
18 matrix        0.4.2   https://github.com/ruby/matrix
19 prime         0.1.2   https://github.com/ruby/prime
20 rbs           3.4.0   https://github.com/ruby/rbs
21 typeprof      0.21.9  https://github.com/ruby/typeprof
22 debug         1.9.1   https://github.com/ruby/debug
23 racc          1.7.3   https://github.com/ruby/racc
```

Security

CVE-2024-27282: Arbitrary memory address read vulnerability with Regexp search

We have released the Ruby version 3.0.7, 3.1.5, 3.2.4 and 3.3.1 that have a security fix for an arbitrary memory address read vulnerability in Regexp search. This vulnerability has been assigned the CVE identifier [CVE-2024-27282](#).

[Continue Reading...](#)

Posted by hsbt on 23 Apr 2024

CVE-2024-27281: RCE vulnerability with .rdoc_options in RDoc

We have released the RDoc gem version 6.3.4.1, 6.4.1.1, 6.5.1.1 and 6.6.3.1 that have a security fix for an RCE vulnerability. This vulnerability has been assigned the CVE identifier [CVE-2024-27281](#).

[Continue Reading...](#)

Posted by hsbt on 21 Mar 2024

CVE-2024-27280: Buffer overread vulnerability in StringIO

We have released the StringIO gem version 3.0.1.1 and 3.0.1.2 that have a security fix for a buffer overread vulnerability. This vulnerability has been assigned the CVE identifier [CVE-2024-27280](#).

[Continue Reading...](#)

Posted by hsbt on 21 Mar 2024

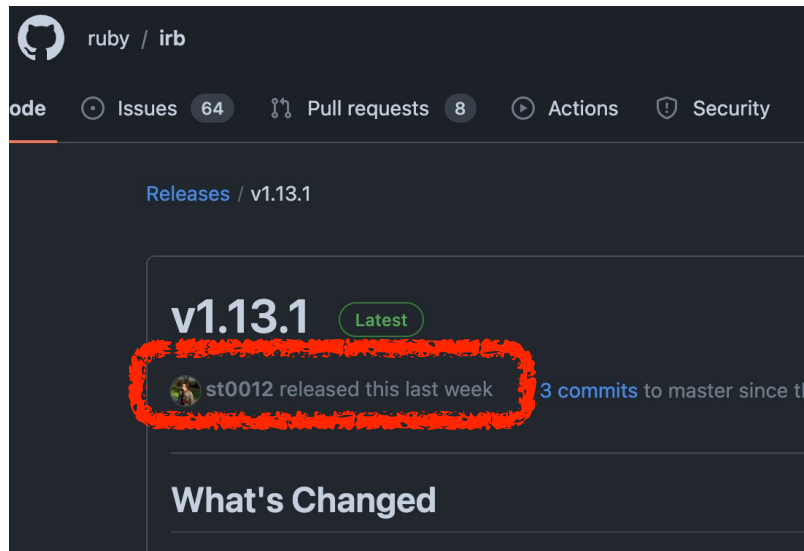
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Sy

Re

Sustainability



New feature of Ruby 3.3 For RubyGems/Bundler

If you use Bundler, you need to add the bundled gems into your Gem

```
source "https://rubygems.org"
```

```
gem "rss"      # You need to this because rss is bundled gems
```

```
# gem "openssl" # You can load openssl without this line
```

```
gem "bigdecimal" # You need to this always after Ruby 3.4
```

```
...
```

I need to consider to transition and migration plan for this.

**But I have no idea yet. Maybe, I will add the some mechanism to Bun
to care about this.**

- I added warning feature about bundled gems.
- You can see how handle bundled like this.

```
$ cat -p Gemfile
source "https://rubygems.org"
```

```
gem "rss"
```

```
$ bundle exec irb
>> require "csv"
(irb):1: warning: csv which will no longer be part of
the default gems since Ruby 3.4.0. Add csv to your
Gemfile or gemspec.
=> true
```

```
module Gem::BUNDLED_GEMS
  SINCE = {
    "rexml" => "3.0.0",
    "rss" => "3.0.0",
    "webrick" => "3.0.0",
    "matrix" => "3.1.0",
    "net-ftp" => "3.1.0",
    "net-imap" => "3.1.0",
    "net-pop" => "3.1.0",
    "net-smtp" => "3.1.0",
    "prime" => "3.1.0",
    "abbrev" => "3.4.0",
    "base64" => "3.4.0",
    "bigdecimal" => "3.4.0",
    "csv" => "3.4.0",
    "drb" => "3.4.0",
    "getoptlong" => "3.4.0",
    "mutex_m" => "3.4.0",
    "nkf" => "3.4.0",
    "observer" => "3.4.0",
    "racc" => "3.4.0",
    "resolv-replace" => "3.4.0",
    "rinda" => "3.4.0",
    "syslog" => "3.4.0",
  }.freeze
```

```
def replace_require(specs)
  return if [::Kernel.singleton_class, ::Kernel].any? {|klass| klass.respond_to?(:no_warning_require) }

  [::Kernel.singleton_class, ::Kernel].each do |kernel_class|
    kernel_class.send(:alias_method, :no_warning_require, :require)
    kernel_class.send(:define_method, :require) do |name|
      message = ::Gem::BUNDLED_GEMS.warning?(name, specs: specs)
      warn message, :uplevel => 1
    end
    kernel_class.send(:no_warning_require, name)
  end
  if kernel_class == ::Kernel
    kernel_class.send(:private, :require)
  else
    kernel_class.send(:public, :require)
  end
end
```

We easily extend `require` like this. I only enabled this extension for the bundler. I added this to monkey patch collection of bundler


```
require "bundler/inline"

gemfile do
  source "https://rubygems.org"
end

require "mutex_m"
require "rss"
```

You can see these warning with the example Gemfile.

```
test_warn_bundled_gems.rb:7: warning: mutex_m was loaded from the standard library, but will no longer be part of the default gems since Ruby 3.4.0. Add mutex_m to your Gemfile or gemspec.
```

```
test_warn_bundled_gems.rb:8: warning: rss was loaded from the standard library, but is not part of the default gems since Ruby 3.0.0. Add rss to your Gemfile or gemspec.
```

```
/Users/hsbt/.local/share/rbenv/versions/3.3.0-dev/lib/ruby/3.3.0/
```

```
bundled_gems.rb:74:in `require': cannot load such file -- rss (LoadError)
```

```
require "bundler/inline"

gemfile do
  source "https://rubygems.org"
  gem "activesupport", "7.0.7.2"
end

require "active_support/all"
```

We also care dependencies from gems like rails.


```
/Users/hsbt/.local/share/gem/gems/activesupport-7.0.7.2/lib/
active_support/core_ext/big_decimal/conversions.rb:3: warning:
bigdecimal was loaded from the standard library, but will no longer
be part of the default gems since Ruby 3.4.0. Add bigdecimal to
your Gemfile or gemspec. Also contact author of
activesupport-7.0.7.2 to add bigdecimal into its gemspec.
```

- I detect caller by `caller_locations` like this.

```
.../lib/ruby/3.3.0+0/bundled_gems.rb:90:in `warning?'  
.../lib/ruby/3.3.0+0/bundler/rubygems_integration.rb:247:in `block (2 levels) in  
replace_require'  
.../gem/gems/activesupport-7.0.7.2/lib/active_support/core_ext/big_decimal/conversions.rb
```

- Bootsnap and Zeitwerk also extend `require`
 - We can't detect that because `caller_locations` is different

```
.../lib/ruby/3.3.0+0/bundled_gems.rb:90:in `warning?'  
.../lib/ruby/3.3.0+0/bundler/rubygems_integration.rb:247:in `block (2 levels) in  
replace_require'  
.../gems/bootsnap-1.17.0/lib/bootsnap/load_path_cache/core_ext/kernel_require.rb:32:in  
`require'"`  
.../gem/gems/activesupport-7.0.7.2/lib/active_support/core_ext/big_decimal/conversions.rb
```



- Bootsnap expand require path to full path.

```
require "csv"
```



```
require "/Users/hsbt/.local/share/rbenv/versions/3.3.0-dev/lib/ruby/3.3.0/csv"
```

```
require "syslog"
```



```
require "/Users/hsbt/.local/share/rbenv/versions/3.3.0-dev/lib/ruby/3.3.0/  
arm64-darwin23/syslog"
```

- I and byroot, fxn fixed these issues at ruby master.
 - We will backport them to Ruby 3.3.2. Stay tuned 🙏

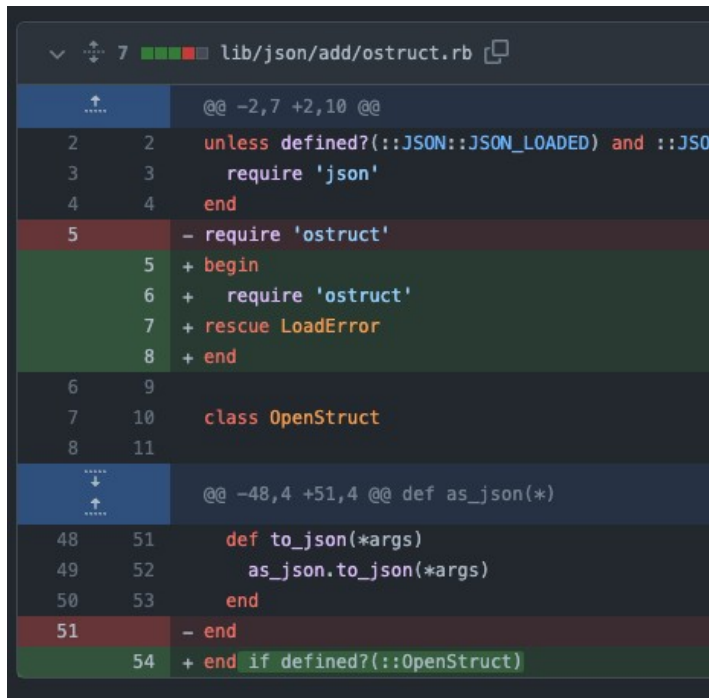
Future of standard libraries at Ruby 3.4 and 3.5

Migration of the bundled gems

We will reduce Standard Library and extract them to default and bundled gems

	Ruby 2.7	Ruby 3.3	Ruby 3.4	Ruby 3.5
Standard Library	51	18	18	18
Default gems	48	67	55	45(?)
Bundled gems	6	16	28	38(?)


- Drop dependencies across default gems
- We need to consider C extension like bigdecimal.
 - After extracting bigdecimal as bundled gems, you need to compile that in any place.
 - Some of people don't have build toolchain in their prod environment...



```
lib/json/add/ostruct.rb

@@ -2,7 +2,10 @@
2 2  unless defined?(::JSON::JSON_LOADED) and ::JSON
3 3    require 'json'
4 4  end
5 5  - require 'ostruct'
6 6  + begin
7 7  +   require 'ostruct'
8 8  + rescue LoadError
9 9  + end
10 10  class OpenStruct
11 11
12 12  @@ -48,4 +51,4 @@ def as_json(*)
13 13
14 14  def to_json(*args)
15 15    as_json.to_json(*args)
16 16  end
17 17  - end
18 18  + end if defined?(::OpenStruct)
```


Other notable feature of Ruby 3.3 and RubyGems/Bundler

- Changes of Standard libraries
 - readline-ext is retired
 - racc is now bundled gems
- Changes of RubyGems and Bundler
 - Generate checksums
 - You can see them with `CHECKSUMS` section into your lockfile manually
 - Bugfix 

Gemfile.lock

```
81  ↳rspec-mocks (~> 3.12)
82  ↳test-unit (~> 3.0) You, 4 years ago via PR #3141
83  ↳turbo_tests (~> 2.1)
84  ↳uri (~> 0.13.0)
85  ↳webrick (~> 1.6)
86
87  CHECKSUMS
88  ↳rake (1.5.1) · sha256=273223dfb40685548436d32b4733aa67
89  ↳kramdown (2.4.0) · sha256=b62e5bcbd6ea20c7a6730ebbb2a10723
90  ↳kramdown-parser-gfm (1.1.0) · sha256=fb39745516427d2988543
91  ↳mini_portile2 (2.8.5) · sha256=7a37db8ae758086c3c3ac3a59c0
92  ↳mustache (1.1.1) · sha256=90891fdd50b53919ca334c8c1031eada
93  ↳nokogiri (1.16.2) · sha256=68922ee5cde274970995c46f2821957
94  ↳nokogiri (1.16.2-arm64-darwin) · sha256=c957226c8e36b31be6
95  ↳nokogiri (1.16.2-java) · sha256=122652bfc338cd8a54a692ac03
96  ↳nokogiri (1.16.2-x64-mingw-ucrt) · sha256=7344b5072ca69fc5
97  ↳nokogiri (1.16.2-x86_64-darwin) · sha256=5def799e5f139f21a
98  ↳nokogiri (1.16.2-x86_64-linux) · sha256=5b146240ac6ec6c40f
99  ↳nronn (0.11.1) · sha256=60305c7a42dcacf6bdd33210993a7e38087
100 ↳parallel (1.24.0) · sha256=5bf38efb9b37865f8e93d7a762727f8
101 ↳parallel_tests (3.8.1) · sha256=c781c0910be3b489411f24e3a3
102 ↳power_assert (2.0.3) · sha256=cd5e13c267370427c9804ce6a579
103 ↳racc (1.7.3) · sha256=b785ab8a30ec43bce073c51dbbe791fd2700
```

- ``bundle gem`` introduced ``sig`` directory for rbs
- We migrate rbs files to bundled gems from rbs gem

```
class Prime
  include Enumerable
  include Singleton

  (snip)

  def each(ubound = nil, generator =
    EratosthenesGenerator.new, &block)
    generator.upper_bound = ubound
    generator.each(&block)
  end
```

```
class Prime
  include Singleton

  include Enumerable[Integer]

  extend Enumerable[Integer]
  (...)
  def each: (?Integer? ubound, ?
    PseudoPrimeGenerator generator) { (Integer) ->
    void } -> void
    | (?Integer? ubound, ?
    PseudoPrimeGenerator generator) ->
    PseudoPrimeGenerator
```

Cross-compilation Problem

RubyGems will install C extension into the following directories.

RubyGems 3.4 and 3.5

- * GEM_HOME/extensions/arm64-darwin-23/3.2.0-static/bigdecimal-3.1.6/bigdecimal.bundle
- * GEM_HOME/gems/bigdecimal-3.1.6/lib/bigdecimal.bundle

< RubyGems 3.4

- * GEM_HOME/gems/bigdecimal-3.1.6/ext/bigdecimal/bigdecimal.bundle

RubyGems added extension and lib directories to require_paths both. This means we can avoid to install C extension to under lib directory.

```
>> Gem.loaded_specs["bigdecimal"].require_paths  
=> ["/Users/hsbt/.local/share/gem/extensions/arm64-darwin-23/3.3.0-static/bigdecimal-3.1.6", "lib"]
```

I already make it with opt-in configuration for RubyGems 3.

You can skip to install C extensions Under the `lib` directory like the

```
gem: "--no-document"  
:install_extension_in_lib: false  
gemsrc_use_ghq: true
```

Allow configuration for `install_extension_in_lib` #6463

Merged hsb merged 7 commits into master from allow-config-install-extension-in-lib on Feb 20

Conversation 6 Commits 7 Checks 76 Files changed 6

hsbt commented on Mar 10, 2023 · edited

Member

What was the end-user or developer problem that led to this PR?

This is another approach for #6439

We handle to install build artifact under the `lib` directory by `Gem.install_extension_in_lib` value. This value is by hard-coded. We couldn't change it without RubyGems version up.

What is your fix for the problem, implemented in this PR?

I make `Gem.install_extension_in_lib` value configurable by `gemrc`. The users included me can avoid to install mixed arch and ruby version artifact under the `lib` directory by this.

Make sure the following tasks are checked

- ☒ Describe the problem / feature
- ☒ Write [tests](#) for features and bug fixes
- ☒ Write code to solve the problem
- ☒ Make sure you follow the [current code style](#) and [write meaningful commit messages without tags](#)

hsbt mentioned this pull request on Mar 10, 2023

Put extension_dir at first on full_require_paths when using C ext gem #6439

4 tasks

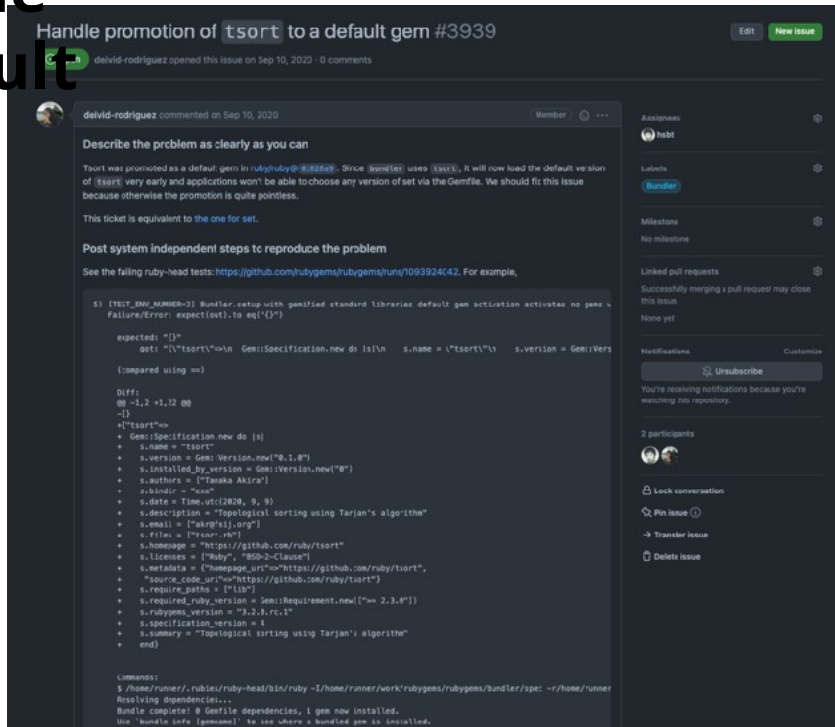
Closed

Separate vendored libraries with namespace

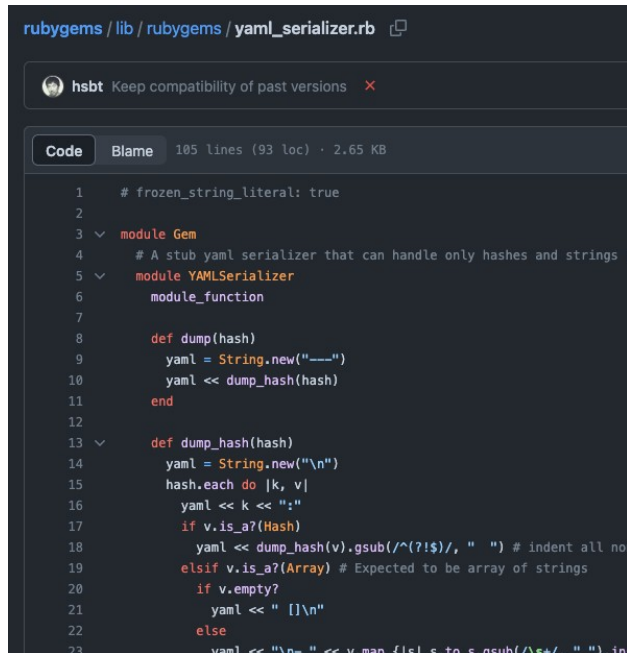
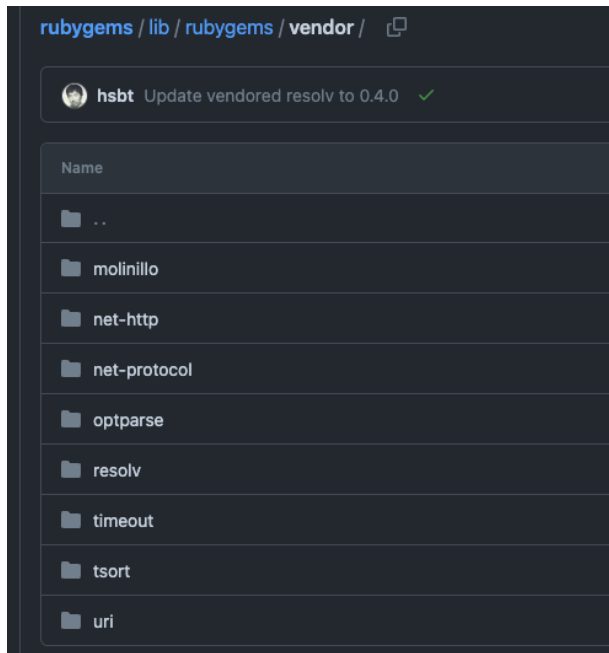
We still have a activation issue with RubyGems and the default gems like `json`.

You have already activated timeout 0.3.1, but your Gemfile requires timeout 0.3.2. Since timeout is a default gem, you can either remove your dependency on it or try updating to a newer version of bundler that supports timeout as a default gem.

How handle this problem?



**Vendoring approach when RubyGems can't write default gems written by C
uses only pure ruby libraries like URI extension to pure ruby code.**



tagomoris-san proposed namespace feature for package system of Ruby

It may help our activation problem.

Ex. RubyGems and Bundler will use JSON under only their namespace. You can activate any version of JSON on your application.

Feature #19744 [open](#)



Namespace on read

Added by tagomoris (Satohs Tagomoris) 5 months ago. Updated 1 day ago.

Status: Open
Priority: Normal
Assignee: -
Target version: -
[ruby-core:134025]

Description

What is the "Namespace on read"

This proposes a new feature to define virtual top-level namespaces in Ruby. Those namespaces can require/load libraries (either urbi or native extension) separately from the global namespace, also require/load in the namespace.

Motivation

The "namespace on read" can solve the 2 problems below, and can make a path to solve another problem. The details of those motivations are described in the below section ("Motivation details").

1. Avoiding conflicts between libraries

2. Avoiding conflicts between different libraries which use the same module name.

3. Avoiding unexpected globally shared modules/objects

4. Applications can make an independent/unshared module instance.

5. (In the future) Multiple versions of gems can be required

Application developers will have fewer version conflicts between gem dependencies if RubyGems/Bundler will support the namespace on read.

Example code with this feature

```
# your_module.rb
module YourModule
end

# my_module.rb
require 'your_module'

module MyModule
end

# example.rb
namespace1 = Namespace.new
namespace1.require 'my_module'! # => true

namespace1::MyModule => #<Module:0x0000001234567890::MyModule for #<Namespace:0x000...>::MyModule ?>
namespace1::YourModule # similar to the above

MyModule # NameError
YourModule # NameError

namespace2 = Namespace.new # Any number of namespaces can be defined
namespace2.require 'my_module'! # Different library "instance" from namespace1

require 'my_module' # require in the global namespace

MyModule.object_id == namespace1::MyModule.object_id # => true
namespace1::MyModule.object_id == namespace2::MyModule.object_id
```

The required/loaded libraries will define different "instances" of modules/classes in those namespaces (just like the "wrap" and arguments of Kernel.load). This doesn't interfere with the resolution (without forced top-level reference like ::Name).

Wrap up

- **I talked about...**
 - **History of Libraries, RubyGems, Bundler and their features**
 - **How handle default gems and bundled gems in Ruby 3.3**
 - **What happens Ruby 3.4 and 3.5**



< Ruby is a programmer's best friend